Shree Manibhai Virani and Smt. Navalben Virani Science College, Rajkot (Autonomous)

Affiliated to Saurashtra University, Rajkot Department of Chemistry Allied Chemistry for B. Sc. PHYSICS Programme

SCHEME OF INSTRUCTIONS AND EXAMINATIONS For Students Admitted from A.Y. 2017-2018 & Onwards

	SEMESTER: I							
Course Code	Course	Hours of Instruction / week	Exam Duration	CIE	SEE	Total	Credits	
Part- II	Part- II							
17UPHDA02	DSE Allied 2: Chemistry 1	4	3	30	70	100	4	
17UPHDA04	DSE Allied 2: Chemistry Practical:	5	3	40	60	100	3	
	TOTAL	9				200	7	

	SEMESTER: II						
Course Code	Course	Hours of Instruction / week	Exam Duration	CIE	SEE	Total	Credits
Part- II							
17UPHDA06	DSE Allied 4: Chemistry -2	4	3	30	70	100	4
17UPHDA08	DSE Allied 4 : Chemistry Practical-2	5	3	40	60	100	3
	TOTAL	9				200	7

SEMESTER: III							
Course Code	Course	Hours of Instruction / week	Exam Duration	CIE	SEE	Total	Credits
Part- II	Part- II						
17UPHDA10	DSE Allied 10: Chemistry -3	4	3	30	70	100	4
17UPHDA12	DSE Allied 12: Chemistry Practical -3	5	3	40	60	100	3
	TOTAL	9				200	7

	SEMESTER: IV						
Course Code	Course	Hours of Instruction / week	Exam Duration	CIE	SEE	Total	Credits
Part- II							
17UPHDA14	DSE Allied 14: Chemistry -4	4	3	30	70	100	4
17UPHDA16	DSE Allied 16: Chemistry Practical -4	5	3	40	60	100	3
	TOTAL	9				200	7

DSE ALLIED COURSES (Theory)

Sr. No	Semester	Course Code	Course
1	I	17UPHDA02	Chemistry-1
2	II	17UPHDA06	Chemistry-2
3	III	17UPHDA10	Chemistry-3
4	IV	17UPHDA14	Chemistry-4

• DSE ALLIED SUBJECT [Practical]

Sr. No	Semester	Course Code	Course
1	I	17UPHDA04	Chemistry Practical-1
2	II	17UPHDA08	Chemistry Practical-2
3	III	17 UPHDA12	Chemistry Practical-3
4	IV	17UPHDA16	Chemistry Practical-4

Allied Chemistry for B.Sc. Physics SEMESTER-1

UNIT-1: ATOMIC STRUCTURE AND PERIODIC PROPERTIES (10 Hrs.)

(1) Atomic Structure:

- Dual nature of electron, De-Broglie's equation, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, quantum numbers, Aufbau principle, Pauli's exclusion and Hund's rule for electron configuration.
- Periodicity in atomic properties and its causes, explanation of general trends of periodic properties: atomic and ionic radii, ionization potential, electronegativity and electron affinity.

(2) Periodic Properties

• Special characteristics such as metallic character, polarizing power, hydration energy, inert pair effect, relative stability of different oxidation state, diagonal relationship of (1) lithium with magnesium (2) boron with silicon and (3) beryllium with aluminum, anomalous behavior of Li and Be, formation of complex compounds, catenation, allotropy (diamond and graphite-their structure, properties and its uses).

UNIT-2:

(3) Chemical bonding in co-valent compounds: [10 Hrs.]

Covalent bond: Valence bond theory and its limitations. Concept of hybridization: sp(BeCl₂), sp² (BF₃), sp³ (SiH₄), sp³d (PCl₅) and sp³d² (SF₆).

- Stereochemistry of inorganic molecules: Sidgwick Powell rule and VSEPR theory. Structure of molecules: SnCl₂, SO₄-², CO₃-².
- Basic concept of MO theory. Bonding and anti-bonding molecular orbitals. Gerade
 and ungerade molecular orbitals. σ-molecular orbital and σ*-molecular orbital, πmolecular orbital and π*-molecular orbital. Conditions for effective combinations of
 atomic orbitals. Energy level diagrams of B₂, C₂, N₂, O₂, F₂, CO, NO, CO₂ (with s-p
 mixing and orbital interaction) with calculation of bond order and magnetic moment.
 Comparison of MO theory and VB theory.

UNIT-3: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

(4) Basic organic chemistry and aliphatic hydrocarbons containing σ bond [10 Hrs.]

Nomenclature of organic compounds (Only acyclic - IUPAC-1993).
 Electronic displacements: Inductive, electromeric, mesomeric effects and hyper

conjugation.

Applications of inductive effect to bond length, dipole-moment, reactivity of alkyl halides, relative strength of acid, basicity of amines.

- Homolytic and heterolytic fission, curly arrow rules, Reaction intermediates: carbocation, carbanion, free radical, carbenes and benzynes (formation by cleavage type, structure, relative stabilities, generation). Types of organic reagents: Nucleophiles and electrophiles.
- Types of organic reactions: Substitution, addition, elimination and rearrangement. Nucleophilic substitution reaction mechanism ($S_N1 \& S_N2$) for alkyl halides.
- Introduction to stereochemistry: Configuration, Fischer projection formula, homomers and enantiomers. Geometrical isomerism: cis-trans, C.I.P rules with E/Z notations.

UNIT-4: Organic Chemistry

(5) Aliphatic hydrocarbons (acyclic) [10 Hrs.]

Chemistry of alkanes:

• Formation of alkanes: Wurtz reaction, Wurtz-Fittig reactions. Free radical substitutions: Halogenation-relative reactivity and selectivity.

Hydrocarbons containing carbon-carbon π *bonds*

- Formation of alkene elimination reactions, dehydration of alcohols, dehydrohalogenation of alkyl halides, dehalogenation of vicinal and germinal dihalides.
- Mechanism of E1, E2, E1cb reactions, Saytzeff and Hofmann eliminations. Electrophilic addition reactions and their mechanisms (Markownikov/ Anti Markownikov rule).
- Formation of alkynes: Dehydrohalogenation of vicinal and geminaldihalides, dehalogenation of tetrahalides
- Reactions of alkynes: Acidity, electrophilic addition reactions like halogenation, hydrohalogenation, hydroboration, addition of carbene and catalytic hydrogenation. Nucleophilic addition with hydrogen cyanide and alcohol, hydration to form carbonyl compounds, alkylation of terminal alkynes.
- Reactions of alkenes: Oxymercuration-demercuration, hydroboration oxidation, ozonolysis, reduction (catalytic), syn and anti-hydroxylation (oxidation), 1,2-and 1,4- addition reactions in conjugated dienes, Diels- Alder reaction.

UNIT-5: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

(6) Chemical kinetics

[12 Hrs.]

• Concept of chemical kinetic: rate of chemical reaction, concentration dependence of

reaction rate specific reaction rate constant, order and molecularity of the reaction. Factors affecting rate of the reaction.

- Definition, derivation of integrated rate equations for zero, first and second (same and different reactants) order reactions, their characteristics and half-life periods.
- Determination of the order of reaction: (1) Hit and trial method or Integration method and its limitations (2) Fractional change method, (3) Oswald's isolation method (4) graphical method and (5) Van't Hoff differential method. Concept of activation energy. Derivation of Arrhenius equation and determination of activation energy by integrated equation and graphical methods.
- Theories of reaction rates: Collision theory and absolute reaction rate theory of bimolecular reactions and qualitative comparison. Numericals

(7) Adsorption [4 Hrs.]

• Introduction, types of adsorption (physical and chemical), characteristics and factors affecting adsorption. Adsorption isotherm and Freundlich equation. Langmuir theory of adsorption: assumptions, derivation, modification in equation at very low and high pressure, limitations and applications of adsorption.

(8) Catalysis [4 Hrs.]

• Introduction, types of catalysis (homogeneous and heterogeneous), characteristics of catalysis, autocatalysis, negative catalysis (Inhibitor), promoters, and catalytic poisoning. Activation energy and catalysis. Theories of catalysis: (1) Intermediate compound formation and (2) adsorption theory, active centers. Enzyme catalysis and its characteristics.

Reference books: Inorganic Chemistry

- 1. UGC Inorganic Chemistry H. C. Khera (Pragati Prakashan).
- 2. Inorganic Chemistry J. N. Gurtu& H. C. Khera
- 3. Concise of Inorganic Chemistry J. D. Lee.
- 4. Basic Inorganic Chemistry Gurdeep & Chatwal.
- 5. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry Raymond Chang
- 6. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry- Cotton and Wilkinson.
- 7. Co-ordination Chemistry Banerjee.
- 8. Atomic Structure and Chemical Bonding by Manas Chanda.
- 9. Coordination Chemistry- Gurdeep Chatwal and M. S. Yadav.
- 10. Inorganic Chemistry P. L. Soni.
- 11. Principles of Inorganic Chemistry- B. R. Puri, L. R. Sharma & K. C. Kalia.

Reference books: Organic Chemistry

- 1. Organic Reaction Mechanism, including Reaction Intermediates, V. K. Ahluwalia, Ane's Chemistry active series.
- 2. Organic Chemistry, Vol-1, by Sultanat, Ane's Student Edition, Ane Book Pvt Ltd
- 3. Undergraduate Organic Chemistry, vol-1, Jagdambasingh, L.D.S. Yadav, Pragati Prakashan, 8th edition-2013.

- 4. Organic Chemistry by F.A. Carey, Mc Graw-Hill Inc.
- 5. Organic Chemistry by I. L. Finar.
- 6. Organic Reaction Mechanism by Ahluvaliya.
- 7. Organic Chemistry by Morrison and Boyd.
- 8. Organic Chemistry by Francis A. Carey.
- 9. Organic Chemistry by Clayden.
- 10. Stereochemistry of Organic-Principles and Application by D. Nasipuri 3rd addition
- 11. Stereochemistry Conformation and Mechanism by P. S. Kalsi

Reference books: Physical Chemistry

- 1. Essentials of Physical Chemistry, B. S. Bahl, G. D. Tuli and ArunBahl, S. Chand & Co. New Delhi.
- 2. Elements of Physical Chemistry, B. R. Puri, L. R. Sharma and Madan Pathania, Vishal Publishing Co. Jalandhar.
- 3. Principles of Physical Chemistry, Samuel H. Maron and Carl F. Prutton, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 4. Physical Chemistry, B. K. Sharma, Goel Publication House. Meerut.
- 5. Chemical Kinetics, G. R. Chatwal and Harish Mishra, Goel Publication House. Meerut.
- 6. An Introduction of Physical Chemistry, D. K. Chakrabarty, Narosa Pub. House, New Dellhi.

	Chemistry		
17UPHDA04	Practical -1	5 hours/week	Credits:3

1. Organic qualitative analysis [30 marks] (Minimum 12 compounds)

Compounds containing one functional group such as phenolic, carboxylic acid, ester, amide, nitro, amine, aldehyde, ketone, alcohol, halogen, anilide, carbohydrate and hydrocarbon.

List of compounds: Benzoic acid, cinnamic acid, phenol, α -naphthol, β -naphthol, acetone, ethyl methyl ketone, methyl acetate, ethyl acetate, naphthalene, anthracene, aniline, nitrobenzene, benzamide, urea, thiourea, chloroform, acetanilide, carbon tetra chloride, chloro benzene, bromo benzene.

2. Volumetric analysis

[30 Marks]

Part-1: Acid-base titrations

- To prepare a solution by dissolving 'x' g NaHCO₃ /Na₂CO₃ in 100 ml solution and determine its concentration in terms of normality and molarity using 0.1 N HCl solution.
- To determine the normality, molarity and g/lit of NaOH and HCl using 0.1 N Na₂CO₃ solution.
- To determine the normality, molarity and g/lit of each component in a given mixture of NaHCO₃ and Na₂CO₃ using 0.1N HCl solution.

Part-2: Redox titrations

- To determine the normality, molarity and g/lit of each component in a mixture of H₂C₂O₄.2H₂O and H₂SO₄ using 0.1 N KMnO₄ and 0.1N NaOH solution.
- To determine the normality, molarity and g/lit of each component in a mixture of H₂C₂O₄.2H₂O and K₂C₂O₄.H₂O using 0.1N NaOH and 0.1 N KMnO₄ solution
- To determine the normality, molarity and g/lit of KMnO₄ and FeSO₄.7H₂O solution using 0.1 N H₂C₂O₄.2H₂O solution.

Chemistry Allied for B. Sc. Physics SEMESTER-2

17UPHDA06 Chemistry - 2	4 hours/week	Credits:4
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UNIT-I:

(1) Basics of ionic compounds [7Hours]

• Introduction, characteristics of ionic solids, Born Haber cycle and its applications, Max Born equation, limiting radius ratio. Relation between radius ratio, coordination number and crystal structure. Derivation of r+/r⁻ ratio in triangular, planar, square planar, body centered and tetrahedral crystal lattices. Defects in ionic crystals (stoichiometric and non-stoichiometric), study of N & P types of semi-conductors.

(2) Solid state [8 Hours]

Nature of solids, unit cells, crystal systems, Bravais lattices and identification of planes. Laws
of crystallography: (1) Law of symmetry, (2) Law of constancy of interfacial angles and (3)
law of rational indices. Miller and Weiss indices. Derivation of Bragg's law. X-Ray
Diffraction methods: Rotating crystal method and powder method. Structures of NaCl,CsCl
and KCl. Numericals.

UNIT-II:

(3) Chemistry of elements of 3d series

[6 Hours]

• Introduction, definition, electronic configuration, reversal of energies of 3d and 4s orbitals, physical properties such as atomic properties (atomic radii, Ionic radii, and ionization potential), metallic conductivity, melting point & boiling point, density, reducing properties, tendency of formation of alloys, catalytic properties, magnetic and spectral properties. Calculation of spin only magnetic momentum of inner orbital and outer orbital complexes [NiCl4]⁻², [Ni(CN)4]⁻², [FeF6]⁻⁴, [Fe(CN)6]⁻⁴.

(4) Basics of co-ordination chemistry [7Hours]

• Warner theory, types of ligands (simple ligands, π -acid ligands, according to number of donating electrons, chelating ligands) with definition and examples. Co-ordination number and geometry related to co-ordination number. Isomerism and its classification(structural and stereo isomerisms). In structural isomerism: (1) ionization(2) hydration (3) co-ordination (4) co-ordination positions (5)

polymerization and (6) linkage isomerism. Geometric/cis-trans isomerism in ML4 and ML6 types of complexes.

UNIT-III:

(5) Cycloalkanes

[10 Hours]

- Introduction and classification of ring system (monocyclic and polycyclic, size, number of carbon atoms common between the two rings).
- IUPAC nomenclature of cycloalkanes (including simple spiro compounds, fused ring and bridged ring systems-bicyclic only).
- Method of preparation of small ring cycloalkanes: Intra-molecular Wurtz's reaction, Simmons-Smith, Diels-Alder reaction
- Chemical properties of cycloalkanes: Substitution reactions, addition reactions, Baeyer's strain theory and its limitations (puckering).
- Conformations and conformational analysis: Conformation of ethane, propane and butane.

UNIT-IV:

(6) Aromatic hydrocarbons

[10 hours]

- Aromaticity: Criteria for aromatic, non-aromatic and antiaromatic types, applications of Huckel's rule to simple annulene, cyclic carbocation /anion.
- Electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions of benzene with mechanism. Theory of effect of substituents on reactivity and orientation (with resonating structures for activating and deactivating groups).
- Electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions of the followings with mechanisms: Halogenation, nitration, sulphonation, Friedel Crafts alkylation, Friedel Crafts acylation.

UNIT V: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

(7) Ionic equilibria

[12 Hours]

• Types of electrolytes. Degree of ionization and factors affecting degree of ionization.

Ionization constant and Ionic product of water. Ionization constants of weak acids and bases. Common ion effect and calculation of concentrations of OH⁻ ions (NH₄Cl + NH₄OH) and H⁺ ions (H₂S + HCl). Solubility and solubility products of sparingly soluble salts- applications of solubility product.

- Hydrolysis of salts: Definition of hydrolysis of salts. Salts of strong acids and bases. Relation among Kh, Ka, or Kb and Kw. Degree of hydrolysis and pH of the solution of salts of weak acids and strong bases, salts of weak bases and strong acids and salts of weak bases and weak acids.
- Buffer solutions: Definition and types of buffer solutions, Buffer action, derivation of Henderson-Hasselbalch equation. Numericals.

Reference books:

(A) Inorganic Chemistry:

- 1. UGC Inorganic Chemistry H. C. Khera(PragatiPrakashan).
- 2. Inorganic Chemistry J. N. Gurtu& H. C. Khera
- 3. Concise of Inorganic Chemistry J. D. Lee.
- 4. Basic Inorganic Chemistry Gurdeep& Chatwal.
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- 10. Inorganic Chemistry P. L. Soni.
- 11. Principles of Inorganic Chemistry- B. R. Puri, L. R. Sharma & K. C. Kalia.

(B) Organic Chemistry:

- 1. Organic Reaction Mechanism, including Reaction Intermediates, ,V. K. Ahluwalia, Ane's Chemistry active series.
- 2. Organic Chemistry, Vol-1, by Sultanat, Ane's Student Edition, Ane Book Pvt Ltd
- 3. Undergraduate Organic Chemistry, vol-1, Jagdambasingh, L.D.S. Yadav, Pragati Prakashan, 8th edition-2013.
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- 9. Organic Chemistry by Clayden.
- 10. Stereochemistry of Organic Principles and Application by D. Nasipuri 3rd addition
- 11. Stereochemistry Conformation and Mechanism by P. S. Kalsi

(C) Physical Chemistry:

- 1. Essentials of Physical Chemistry, B. S. Bahl, G. D. Tuli and Arun Bahl, S. Chand & Co. New Delhi.
- 2. Elements of Physical Chemistry, B. R. Puri, L. R. Sharma and Madan Pathania, Vishal Publishing Co. Jalandhar.
- 3. Principles of Physical Chemistry, Samuel H. Maron and Carl F. Prutton, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 4. Physical Chemistry, B. K. Sharma, Goel Publication House. Meerut.
- 5. Chemical Kinetics, G. R. Chatwal and Harish Mishra, Goel Publication House. Meerut.
- 6. An Introduction of Physical Chemistry, D. K. Chakrabarty, Narosa Pub. House, New Dellhi.

	Chemistry		
17UPHDA08	Practical -2	5 hours/week	Credits:3

1. Qualitative analysis of inorganic salts: (Minimum 12 salts-containing two radicals)

[30 Marks]

Inorganic salts containing anion: chloride, bromide, iodide, nitrate, nitrite, sulphate, sulphite, sulphide, carbonate, phosphate (soluble & insoluble), oxide, chromate, and dichromate.

2. Complexometric and Some Applied Analytical Titrations [30 Marks] (Standard solution should be given)

- 1 Quantitative estimation of Cu²⁺ in a given CuCl₂.2H₂O solution using 0.01M EDTA solution.
- 2 Quantitative estimation of Ni²⁺ in a given NiSO4.7H₂O solution using 0.01M EDTA solution.
- Quantitative estimation of Zn²⁺ in a given ZnCl₂ solution using 0.01M EDTA solution.
- 4 Determination of total hardness of water by EDTA.
- 5 Determination of acetic acid in a commercial vinegar using 0.1M NaOH solution.
- 6 Determination of alkali in antacid using 0.1M HCl solution.
- 7 Quantitative estimation of Fe²⁺ by dichromate method (Internal indicator method)

Shree Manibhai Virani and Smt. Navalben Virani Science College (Autonomous) Affiliated to Saurashtra University, Rajkot Model Question Paper for External Examination

Programme: Allied Chemistry for B.Sc. Physics Semester: First/Second Max. Marks: 70

Course code: 17UPHDA02/06 – Allied Chemistry Duration of Examination: 3 Hrs.

Part A ($10 \times 1=10$ marks) Answer All Questions.(No. of Questions – 10,2 Questions from each unit.)

Part B $(5 \times 5=25 \text{ marks})$ Answer All Questions.(No. of Question – 5, 1 Questions with internal choice from each unit.)

Part C ($5 \times 7 = 35$ marks) Answer All Questions. (No. of Question – 5,1 Questions with internal choice from each unit.)